

## Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

### 1001® Carpet Fresh Vanilla Bean & Cedarwood

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

##### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:

Removes bad smells from surfaces

##### Uses advised against:

No information available at present.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

(GB)

WD-40 Company Limited  
PO Box 440  
GB-Kiln Farm, Milton Keynes, MK11 3LF

Tel.: +44 (0) 1908 555400  
Fax: +44 (0) 1908 266900  
E-Mail: Compliance@wd40.co.uk  
Homepage: www.wd40.co.uk

WD-40 Company Limited  
Noorderpoort 93E  
NL- 5916PJ Venlo

Tel.: +31 85 487 46 91

WD-40 Company Limited,  
252 Upper Third Street,  
Milton Keynes,  
MK9 1DZ  
+44 (0)1908 555450

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

##### Emergency information services / official advisory body:

(IRL)

National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9, Ireland, Tel.:  
+353 (0)1 809 2166 (Public Poisons Info Line, 8am-10pm, 7 days a week)  
+353 (0)1 809 2566 (Info for Healthcare Professionals ONLY, 24 h, 7 days a week)

##### Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:

+44 20 3807 3798

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

##### Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Aerosol	1	H222-Extremely flammable aerosol.

Aerosol

1

H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

## 2.2 Label elements

### Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)



Danger

H222-Extremely flammable aerosol. H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

P102-Keep out of reach of children.

P210-Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211-Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251-Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P410+P412-Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

EUH205-Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

Without adequate ventilation, formation of explosive mixtures may be possible.

## 2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (&lt; 0,1 %).

The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (&lt; 0,1 %).

The mixture does not contain any substance with endocrine disrupting properties (&lt; 0,1 %).

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

n.a.

### 3.2 Mixtures

<b>Propan-2-ol</b>	
<b>Registration number (REACH)</b>	01-2119457558-25-XXXX
<b>Index</b>	603-117-00-0
<b>EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.</b>	200-661-7
<b>CAS</b>	67-63-0
<b>content %</b>	1-<2,5
<b>Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors</b>	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
<b>Sodium N-lauroylsarcosinate</b>	
<b>Registration number (REACH)</b>	01-2119527780-39-XXXX
<b>Index</b>	---
<b>EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.</b>	205-281-5
<b>CAS</b>	137-16-6
<b>content %</b>	0,1-<1
<b>Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors</b>	Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318
<b>Specific Concentration Limits and ATE</b>	Skin Irrit. 2, H315: >30 % Eye Dam. 1, H318: >30 %

Impurities, test data and additional information may have been taken into account in classifying and labelling the product.  
For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.

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1001® Carpet Fresh Vanilla Bean & Cedarwood

The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!  
For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

First-aiders should ensure they are protected!  
Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

#### Inhalation

Remove person from danger area.  
Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

#### Skin contact

Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses.  
Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

#### Ingestion

Typically no exposure pathway.  
Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.  
Give copious water to drink. Consult doctor if necessary.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.  
In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Symptomatic treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

CO<sub>2</sub>  
Extinction powder  
Water jet spray  
Alcohol resistant foam

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

None known

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:  
Oxides of carbon  
Oxides of nitrogen  
Toxic gases  
Danger of bursting (explosion) when heated  
Possible build up of explosive/highly flammable vapour/air mixture.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

For personal protective equipment see Section 8.  
In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.  
Protective respirator with independent air supply.  
According to size of fire  
Full protection, if necessary.  
Cool container at risk with water.  
Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### 6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

In case of spillage or accidental release, wear personal protective equipment as specified in section 8 to prevent contamination.  
Ensure sufficient ventilation, remove sources of ignition.  
Avoid dust formation with solid or powder products.  
Leave the danger zone if possible, use existing emergency plans if necessary.

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Remove possible causes of ignition - do not smoke.  
 Ensure sufficient supply of air.  
 Avoid contact with eyes or skin.  
 If applicable, caution - risk of slipping.

### 6.1.2 For emergency responders

See section 8 for suitable protective equipment and material specifications.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent penetration into drains, cellars, working pits or other places in which accumulation could be hazardous.  
 Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.  
 If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If spray or gas escapes, ensure ample fresh air is available.  
 Without adequate ventilation, formation of explosive mixtures may be possible.

Active substance:

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth) and dispose of according to Section 13.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### 7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation.  
 Avoid contact with eyes.  
 Avoid long lasting or intensive contact with skin.  
 Keep away from sources of ignition - Do not smoke.  
 Take measures against electrostatic charging, if appropriate.  
 Do not use on hot surfaces.  
 Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.  
 Observe directions on label and instructions for use.  
 Use working methods according to operating instructions.

#### 7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.  
 Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.  
 Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.  
 Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.  
 Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.  
 Store product closed and only in original packing.  
 Observe special regulations for aerosols!  
 Observe special storage conditions.  
 Observe special storage conditions.  
 Keep protected from direct sunlight and temperatures over 50°C.  
 Store in a well ventilated place.  
 Store cool.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.  
 Observe the instructions for good working practice and the recommendations for risk assessment.  
 Consult hazardous substance information systems, e.g. from the professional associations, the chemical industry or different industries,  
 depending on the application (building materials, wood, chemistry, laboratory, leather, metal).

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

Chemical Name	Propan-2-ol	
WEL-TWA: 400 ppm (999 mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	WEL-STEL: 500 ppm (1250 mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	---
Monitoring procedures:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Draeger - Alcohol 25/a i-Propanol (81 01 631)</li> <li>- Compur - KITA-122 SA(C) (549 277)</li> <li>- Compur - KITA-150 U (550 382)</li> </ul>	

	DFG (D) (Lösungsmittelgemische), DFG (E) (Solvent mixtures 6) - 2013, 2002 - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 66-3 (2004)
	- NIOSH 1400 (ALCOHOLS I) - 1994
	- NIOSH 2549 (VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (SCREENING)) - 1996
	- Draeger - Alcohol 100/a (CH 29 701)
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---

Chemical Name		Propan-2-ol	
OELV-8h: 200 ppm		OELV-15min: 400 ppm	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Alcohol 25/a i-Propanol (81 01 631) - Compur - KITA-122 SA(C) (549 277) - Compur - KITA-150 U (550 382) DFG (D) (Lösungsmittelgemische), DFG (E) (Solvent mixtures 6) - 2013, 2002 - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 66-3 (2004) - NIOSH 1400 (ALCOHOLS I) - 1994 - NIOSH 2549 (VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (SCREENING)) - 1996 - Draeger - Alcohol 100/a (CH 29 701)		
BLV: 40 mg/l (acetone, U, d) (ACGIH-BEI)	Other information: Sk		

Chemical Name		Butane	
WEL-TWA: 600 ppm (1450 mg/m3)		WEL-STEL: 750 ppm (1810 mg/m3)	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-221 SA (549 459) - OSHA PV2010 (n-Butane) - 1993		
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---		

Chemical Name		Butane	
OELV-8h: ---		OELV-15min: 1000 ppm	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-221 SA (549 459) - OSHA PV2010 (n-Butane) - 1993		
BLV: ---	Other information: ---		

Chemical Name		Propane	
WEL-TWA: 1000 ppm (ACGIH)		WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-125 SA (549 954) - OSHA PV2077 (Propane) - 1990		
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---		

Chemical Name		Isobutane	
WEL-TWA: 1000 ppm (EX) (ACGIH)		WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-113 SB(C) (549 368)		
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---		

Chemical Name		Isobutane	
OELV-8h: ---		OELV-15min: 1000 ppm	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-113 SB(C) (549 368)		
BLV: ---	Other information: ---		

Propan-2-ol						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	140,9	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	140,9	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	552	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	552	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	28	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	2251	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	140,9	mg/l	
	Environment - oral (animal feed)		PNEC	160	mg/kg feed	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	319	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	89	mg/m3	

Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	26	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	888	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	500	mg/m3	

<b>Sodium N-lauroylsarcosinate</b>						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,009	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,0009	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	0,034	mg/kg	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,0034	mg/kg	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	3	mg/l	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,008	mg/kg	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	0,089	mg/l	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	10	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	10	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	17,39	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	5	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	70,53	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	5	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	20	mg/kg bw/day	

WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany). (8) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (9) = Respirable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (11) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (Directive 2004/37/CE). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period). (8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage. \*\* = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision. (13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (Directive 2004/37/CE), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (Directive 2004/37/CE).

OELV-8h = Occupational Exposure Limit Value (8-hour reference period). (IFV) = Inhalable Fraction and Vapour. (I) = Inhalable Fraction. (R) = Respirable Fraction. (8) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (9) = Respirable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (11) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (Directive 2004/37/CE). | OELV-15min = Occupational Exposure Limit Value (15-minute reference period). (IFV) = Inhalable Fraction and Vapour. (I) = Inhalable Fraction. (R) = Respirable Fraction. (8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). | BLV = Biological limit value | Other information: Carc1A, Carc1B = carcinogenic substance, Cat. 1A or 1B. Muta1A, Muta1B = mutagenic substance, Cat. 1A or 1B. Repr1A, Repr1B = Substances known to be toxic for reproduction, Cat. 1A or 1B. Sk = can be absorbed through skin. Asphx =

asphyxiant. Sen = Respiratory sensitizer. BOELV = Binding Occupational Exposure Limit Values. IOELV = Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values.

(13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (Directive 2004/37/CE), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (Directive 2004/37/CE).

## 8.2 Exposure controls

### 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.

If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.

Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.

Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.

These are specified by e.g. EN 14042.

EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

### 8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:

With danger of contact with eyes.

Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:

Normally not necessary.

In case of direct contact with the ingredients:

If applicable

Rubber gloves (EN ISO 374).

Minimum layer thickness in mm:

0,5

Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:

480

The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 16523-1 were not obtained under practical conditions.

The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.

Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:

Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:

Normally not necessary.

If OES or MEL is exceeded.

Filter A2 P2 (EN 14387), code colour brown, white

Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:

Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.

In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.

Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.

Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.

Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.

The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

### 8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

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## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Aerosol. Active substance: liquid.
Colour:	Colourless
Odour:	Perfumed
Melting point/freezing point:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Flammability:	Does not apply to aerosols.
Lower explosion limit:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Upper explosion limit:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Flash point:	Does not apply to aerosols.
Auto-ignition temperature:	Does not apply to aerosols.
Decomposition temperature:	There is no information available on this parameter.
pH:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Kinematic viscosity:	<=20,5 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (40°C)
Solubility:	Mixable
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	Does not apply to mixtures.
Vapour pressure:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Density and/or relative density:	0,999 g/ml (Active substance )
Density and/or relative density:	0,913 g/ml
Relative vapour density:	Does not apply to aerosols.
Particle characteristics:	Does not apply to aerosols.

## 9.2 Other information

Explosives:	When using: development of explosive vapour/air mixture possible.
Oxidising liquids:	No

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

The product has not been tested.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable with proper storage and handling.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions are known.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

See also section 7.

Heating, open flame, ignition sources

Pressure increase will result in danger of bursting.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

See also section 5.2

No decomposition when used as directed.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

#### 1001® Carpet Fresh Vanilla Bean & Cedarwood

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	>20	mg/l/4h			calculated value, Vapours
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	>5	mg/l/4h			calculated value, Aerosol
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.



Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.

<b>Propan-2-ol</b>						
<b>Toxicity / effect</b>	<b>Endpoint</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>Organism</b>	<b>Test method</b>	<b>Notes</b>
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	4570-5840	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	12800-13900	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	> 25	mg/l/6h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Vapours
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	46600	mg/l/4h	Rat		Aerosol
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Eye Irrit. 2
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	(Ames-Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:						Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						STOT SE 3, H336, May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						Target organ(s): liver
Aspiration hazard:						No
Symptoms:						breathing difficulties, unconsciousness, vomiting, headaches, fatigue, dizziness, nausea, eyes, reddened, watering eyes
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOAEL	900	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEL	5000	ppm	Rat		Vapours (OECD 451)

<b>Sodium N-lauroylsarcosinate</b>						
<b>Toxicity / effect</b>	<b>Endpoint</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>Organism</b>	<b>Test method</b>	<b>Notes</b>
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	0,05-0,5	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Aerosol
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	1-5	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Dust, Mist , Solution 35% (34,5%)
Skin corrosion/irritation:		>30	%	Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Skin Irrit. 2
Skin corrosion/irritation:		<=30	%			Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:		>30	%	Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Eye Dam. 1
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 B.6 (SKIN SENSITISATION)	Not sensitizing
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mammalian	OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Human being	OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	NOAEL	>=1000	mg/kg/d	Rat		24 months
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	NOEL	30	mg/kg/d	Rat	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 B.7 (REPEATED DOSE (28 DAYS) TOXICITY (ORAL))	

<b>Butane</b>						
<b>Toxicity / effect</b>	<b>Endpoint</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>Organism</b>	<b>Test method</b>	<b>Notes</b>
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	658	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Human being	OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Rat	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative
Aspiration hazard:						No
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEC	21,394	mg/l	Rat	OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Development. Tox. Screening Test)	

Symptoms:						ataxia, breathing difficulties, drowsiness, unconsciousness, frostbite, disturbed heart rhythm, headaches, cramps, intoxication, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.
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<b>Propane</b>						
<b>Toxicity / effect</b>	<b>Endpoint</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>Organism</b>	<b>Test method</b>	<b>Notes</b>
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	658	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	260000	ppmV/4h	Rat		Gasses, Male, Analogous conclusion
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Not irritant
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity (Developmental toxicity):	NOAEC	21,641	mg/l		OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Develop m. Tox. Screening Test)	
Aspiration hazard:						No
Symptoms:						breathing difficulties, unconsciousness, frostbite, headaches, cramps, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT- RE), inhalat.:	NOAEL	7,214	mg/l	Rat	OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Develop m. Tox. Screening Test)	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT- RE), inhalat.:	LOAEL	21,641	mg/l	Rat	OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Develop m. Tox. Screening Test)	

**Isobutane**

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Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	658	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	260000	ppmV/4h	Rat		Gasses, Male
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit		Not irritant
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Aspiration hazard:						No
Symptoms:						unconsciousness, frostbite, headaches, cramps, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEL	21,394	mg/l	Rat	OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Development. Tox. Screening Test)	

**11.2. Information on other hazards**

1001® Carpet Fresh Vanilla Bean & Cedarwood						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Endocrine disrupting properties:						Does not apply to mixtures.
Other information:						No other relevant information available on adverse effects on health.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

1001® Carpet Fresh Vanilla Bean & Cedarwood							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							n.d.a.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties:							Does not apply to mixtures.
12.7. Other adverse effects:							No information available on other adverse effects on the environment.

Other information:							DOC-elimination degree (complexing organic substance) $\geq$ 80%/28d: n.a.
Other information:	AOX		0	%			According to the recipe, contains no AOX.

**Propan-2-ol**

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>100	mg/l	Leuciscus idus		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	1400	mg/l	Lepomis macrochirus		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	2285	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	16d	141	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>100	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		21d	95	%		OECD 301 E (Ready Biodegradability - Modified OECD Screening Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.2. Persistence and degradability:			99,9	%		OECD 303 A (Simulation Test - Aerobic Sewage Treatment - Activated Sludge Units)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		0,05			OECD 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) - Shake Flask Method)	Slight
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		3,2				Low
12.4. Mobility in soil:	Koc		1,1				Expert judgement
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50		>1000	mg/l	activated sludge		
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC10	16h	1050	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida		
Other organisms:	IC50	3d	2104	mg/l	Lactuca sativa		
Other information:	ThOD		2,4	g/g			
Other information:	BOD5		53	%			
Other information:	COD		96	%			References
Other information:	COD		2,4	g/g			
Other information:	BOD		1171	mg/g			

**Sodium N-lauroylsarcosinate**

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	107	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	30%
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	32,1	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	8,9	mg/l	Daphnia magna		

12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	29,7	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	30%
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EbC50	72h	39	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	30%
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	ErC50	72h	79	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	30%
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	79	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL		9,2	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	60	%		OECD 301 (Ready Biodegradability)	Readily biodegradable
Toxicity to bacteria:	NOEC/NOEL	3h	30	mg/l	activated sludge		

**Butane**

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	24,11	mg/l		QSAR	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	LC50	48h	14,22	mg/l		QSAR	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		2,98				A notable biological accumulation potential is not to be expected (LogPow 1-3).
12.4. Mobility in soil:							Not to be expected
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

**Propane**

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		2,28				A notable biological accumulation potential is not to be expected (LogPow 1-3).
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

**Isobutane**

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	27,98	mg/l			
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	96h	7,71	mg/l			
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							A notable biological accumulation potential is not to be expected (LogPow 1-3).
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:

The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.

Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)

16 05 04 gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances

Recommendation:

Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

Take full aerosol cans to problem waste collection.

Take emptied aerosol cans to valuable material collection.

#### For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

Recommendation:

Do not perforate, cut up or weld uncleaned container.


Recycling

15 01 04 metallic packaging


## SECTION 14: Transport information

### General statements


#### Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	1950	
14.2. UN proper shipping name:		
UN 1950 AEROSOLS		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	2.1	
14.4. Packing group:	-	
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable	
Tunnel restriction code:	D	
Classification code:	5F	
LQ:	1 L	
Transport category:	2	

#### Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	1950	
14.2. UN proper shipping name:		
UN 1950 AEROSOLS		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	2.1	
14.4. Packing group:	-	
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable	
Marine Pollutant:	Not applicable	
EmS:	F-D, S-U	

#### Transport by air (IATA)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	1950	
14.2. UN proper shipping name:		
UN 1950 Aerosols, flammable		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	2.1	
14.4. Packing group:	-	
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable	

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Persons employed in transporting dangerous goods must be trained.

All persons involved in transporting must observe safety regulations.

Precautions must be taken to prevent damage.

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Freighted as packaged goods rather than in bulk, therefore not applicable.

Minimum amount regulations have not been taken into account.

Danger code and packing code on request.

Comply with special provisions.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

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### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:

Comply with national regulations/laws governing the protection of young people at work (national implementation of the Directive 94/33/EC)!

Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2012/18/EU ("Seveso III"), Annex I, Part 1 - The following categories apply to this product (others may also need to be considered according to storage, handling etc.):

Hazard categories	Notes to Annex I	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Lower-tier requirements	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Upper-tier requirements
P3a	11.1	150 (netto)	500 (netto)

The Notes to Annex 1 of Directive 2012/18/EU, in particular those named in the tables here and notes 1-6, must be taken into account when assigning categories and qualifying quantities.

Directive 2012/18/EU ("Seveso III"), Annex I, Part 2 - This product contains the substances listed below:

Entry Nr	Dangerous substances	Notes to Annex I	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of - Lower-tier requirements	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of - Upper-tier requirements
18	Liquefied flammable gases, Category 1 or 2 (including LPG) and natural gas	19	50	200

The Notes to Annex 1 of Directive 2012/18/EU, in particular those named in the tables here and notes 1-6, must be taken into account when assigning categories and qualifying quantities.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): ~ 14,4 %

National requirements/regulations on safety and health protection must be applied when using work equipment.

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

## SECTION 16: Other information

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Revised sections: 2, 9

Employee training in handling dangerous goods is required.

These details refer to the product as it is delivered.

Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

### Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Aerosol 1, H222	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aerosol 1, H229	Classification based on the form or physical state.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Aerosol — Aerosols



Flam. Liq. — Flammable liquid

Eye Irrit. — Eye irritation

STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - narcotic effects

Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - inhalation

Skin Irrit. — Skin irritation

Eye Dam. — Serious eye damage

### Key literature references and sources for data:

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended.

Guidelines for the preparation of safety data sheets as amended (ECHA).

Guidelines on labelling and packaging according to the Regulation (EG) Nr. 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended (ECHA).

Safety data sheets for the constituent substances.

ECHA Homepage - Information about chemicals.

GESTIS Substance Database (Germany).

German Environment Agency "Rigoletto" information site on substances that are hazardous to water (Germany).

EU Occupation Exposure Limits Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, (EU) 2017/164, (EU) 2019/1831, each as amended.

National Lists of Occupational Exposure Limits for each country as amended.

Regulations on the transport of hazardous goods by road, rail, sea and air (ADR, RID, IMDG, IATA) as amended.

### Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

acc., acc. to according, according to

ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds

approx. approximately

Art., Art. no. Article number

ASTM ASTM International (American Society for Testing and Materials)

ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate

BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)

BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)

BCF Bioconcentration factor

BSEF The International Bromine Council

bw body weight

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)

CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic

DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level

DNEL Derived No Effect Level

DOC Dissolved organic carbon

dw dry weight

e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance

EbCx, EyCx, Eblx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on reduction of the biomass (algae, plants)

EC European Community

ECHA European Chemicals Agency

ECx, ELx (x = 0, 3, 5, 10, 20, 50, 80, 100) Effect Concentration/Level for x % effect

EEC European Economic Community

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances

EN European Norms

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)

ErCx, EµCx, ErLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on inhibition of the growth rate (algae, plants)

etc. et cetera

EU European Union

EVAL Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer

Fax. Fax number

gen. general

GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

GWP Global warming potential

Koc Adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil

Kow octanol-water partition coefficient

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA International Air Transport Association

IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)  
IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods  
incl. including, inclusive  
IUCILDI International Uniform Chemical Information Database  
IUPAC International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry  
LC50 Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population  
LD50 Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)  
Log Koc Logarithm of adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil  
Log Kow, Log Pow Logarithm of octanol-water partition coefficient  
LQ Limited Quantities  
MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships  
n.a. not applicable  
n.av. not available  
n.c. not checked  
n.d.a. no data available  
NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (USA)  
NLP No-longer-Polymer  
NOEC, NOEL No Observed Effect Concentration/Level  
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  
org. organic  
OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA)  
PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic  
PE Polyethylene  
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration  
ppm parts per million  
PVC Polyvinylchloride  
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)  
REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.  
RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)  
SVHC Substances of Very High Concern  
Tel. Telephone  
TOC Total organic carbon  
UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods  
VOC Volatile organic compounds  
vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative  
wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.

No responsibility.

These statements were made by:

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